

# FARMERS AND CONSUMERS

700th Anniversary 1917 - 2017

## MARKET BULLETIN

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE • GARY W. BLACK, COMMISSIONER • WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 14, 2018 • VOL. 101, NO. 4 • © COPYRIGHT 2018

### To our subscribers and advertisers

In early December, the Georgia Department of Agriculture experienced a significant network outage that temporarily disabled our web site and internal computer servers. Our staff is diligently putting all the pieces together to bring all systems back on line and retrieve any remaining data. We understand that this has been a challenge for all of our valued readers and appreciate your continued patience.



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### EPA, manufacturers set new rules for dicamba use during the 2018 growing season New training schedule for Georgia producers, applicators announced

Last October, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency reached an agreement with agrochemical companies Monsanto, BASF and DuPont to minimize the risks of dicamba drift, which has the potential to damage neighboring crops after specific weed control formulations are applied onto genetically modified cotton and soybeans. By implementing new precautionary measures, the goal is to help farmers make informed choices for seed purchases prior to the 2018 growing season.

“(These) actions are the result of intensive, collaborative efforts, working side-by-side with the states and university scientists from across the nation who have first-hand knowledge of the problem and workable solutions,” said EPA Administrator Scott Pruitt. “Our collective efforts with our state partners ensure we are relying on the best on-the-ground information.”

After discussing the issues of dicamba drift with stakeholders, EPA reviewed the information and established a list of positive changes that will be enforced across the agriculture industry to alleviate the risk of off-target damage in the future. Label changes will be carried out to make additional requirements known to product applicators.

Manufacturers have agreed to print labels that disclose the additional requirements for the “over-the-top” use of dicamba formulations. These changes include:

- Classifying products as “restricted use,” permitting only certified applicators with

## UPW

using pesticides wisely

special training, and those under their supervision, to apply them; dicamba-specific training for all certified applicators to reinforce proper use;

- Requiring farmers to maintain specific records regarding the use of these products to improve compliance with label restrictions;
- Limiting applications to when maximum wind speeds are below 10 mph (from 15 mph) to reduce potential spray drift;
- Reducing the times during the day when applications can occur;
- Including tank clean-out language to prevent cross-contamination; and
- Enhancing susceptible crop language and record keeping with sensitive crop registries to increase awareness of risk to especially sensitive crops nearby.

On a state level, the University of Georgia Cooperative Extension and the Georgia Department of Agriculture are facilitating a series of classroom trainings that will help farmers comply with the “restricted-use” and training

See **DICAMBA**, page 7

### Auxin training requirements for Georgia

Engenia, FeXapan, XtendiMax

- One must have a certified pesticide license to purchase these restricted use herbicides.
- For in-season applications to XtendFlex Cotton or Xtend Soybean, the person in charge of the application is required to have attended the “Using Pesticides Wisely” classroom training
- The actual applicator driving the tractor/sprayer applying Engenia, FeXapan, or XtendiMax (for any use on the label) must have either 1) attended the “Using Pesticides Wisely” classroom training or 2) received a signed certificate from their UGA Cooperative Extension Agent confirming they have attended the “Using Pesticides Wisely” one-on-one training. Training must occur prior to applying any of these products.
- Industry applicator trainings are

See **AUXIN TRAINING**, page 7

## Did you know? GDA’s Weights and Measures Lab verifies the integrity of Georgia Lottery drawings

How do we serve thee, fellow Georgians? Let us count the ways, starting with the Georgia Lottery, where the Georgia Department of Agriculture’s expertise at weighing and measuring things accurately is your guarantee that lottery drawings are fair and balanced. Lottery representatives visit with State Metrologist Kontz Bennett in Tifton monthly to verify that ballsets used in the drawings for various lottery games are free from irregularities.

The ballsets arrive to our Tifton lab from

Atlanta in sealed carrying cases, and lab personnel follow a strict protocol – overseen by a lottery representative – for extracting and handling the ballsets. That protocol includes wearing gloves to eliminate the risk of transferring oil or other debris onto the balls. The Georgia Lottery Corp. uses two types of ballsets: rubber balls are used for Cash 3, Cash 4, Fantasy 5 and Mega Millions drawings. Plastic ping-pong balls are used for Georgia FIVE and Jumbo Bucks Lotto games.

Once they have the Tifton lab’s seal of ap-

proval, the ballsets are put into rotation for weekly drawings. A representative from an independent auditing firm attends and monitors all Georgia Lottery drawings. Auditors are present during each step of the draw process to verify the integrity and randomness of each drawing. The primary responsibilities of the independent auditor are to monitor the pre- and post-draw process, to monitor the actual drawing, and to certify the winning numbers.

-Amy Carter/GDA



State Metrologist Kontz Bennett weighs a lottery ball at the Tifton Lab.



A Georgia FIVE ballset is logged in for weighing and inspection at the Georgia Department of Agriculture’s Tifton Lab.









## COOK GEORGIA GROWN: King's Hawaiian Savory French Toast Casserole

### Ingredients:

½ cup butter  
15 King's Hawaiian rolls, cut in half  
1 lb. breakfast sausage, cooked and drained  
3 cups grated cheddar cheese, divided  
1 cup chopped scallions, divided  
6 eggs  
1 ½ cups milk  
Salt & pepper

### Preparation:

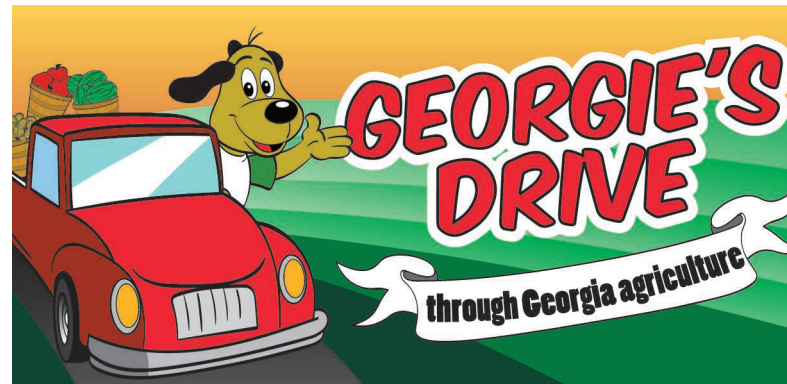
Melt butter in the bottom of 9x13-in. pan. Place bottom half of rolls in baking dish over melted butter. Distribute crumbled sausage, 1 cup cheese and ½ cup scallions over rolls. Place top half of rolls on top of ingredients in baking dish. Whisk together eggs, milk and salt & pepper. Pour egg mixture over rolls then sprinkle remaining cheese and scallions on top.

Cover and refrigerate for about 4 hours or overnight. You may need to press down on rolls to absorb some of the eggs before baking.



Preheat oven to 350 degrees. Bake casserole covered for 15 minutes, then uncover and cook 15-30 minutes or until egg mixture is set. Serves 8-12.

*–All recipes have been tested for accuracy in our Georgia Grown Test Kitchen unless otherwise noted. For more recipes and to watch cooking in action, find our “Pick, Cook, Keep” series at [www.gpb.org/pick-cook-keep](http://www.gpb.org/pick-cook-keep).*



## Georgie's Drive Thru Waycross

Hello! I'm Georgie, the Georgia Grown mascot. I travel the state of Georgia promoting agriculture and the Georgia Grown program. Did you know that Georgia is the #1 Forestry State? Georgia harvests more timber and exports more pulp, paper products and wood pellets than anyone else. Last December, I stopped in Waycross to visit Southern Forest World, a museum dedicated to the history of forestry. I went there to see an old relative of mine. About 40 years ago, my Uncle Stuckie went hunting in Haralson County, near Buchanan. Sadly, he got lost and was never seen again. As it turns out, he was trailing an opossum and chased it all the way to Alabama and up a hollow tree. My Uncle Stuckie never gave up without a fight, so he chased that opossum up the tree into a hole and got stuck about 20 feet off the ground. About 10 years later, a logging crew harvested the tree that held my now mummified relative. They cut it into 7 foot lengths and loaded it onto a log truck. The logger must have gotten the shock of his life when he discovered Uncle Stuckie staring back at him! I've been told all dogs go to heaven, but some get stuck in between.



Lee Lancaster/GDA

## Georgia Vegetable Growers may now vote on continuation of assessment for market order

Voting is open to eligible Georgia vegetable growers to renew the grower assessment which funds the Georgia Agriculture Commodity Commission for Vegetables. The commission is charged by law with providing programs of research, promotion and education on behalf of Georgia vegetable growers.

Most of the funds received by the commission are committed to research projects regarding issues related to vegetable production to provide growers with the latest information and production techniques. Some of the research projects include: fumigant studies, weed, disease and nematode control, whitefly control, cultivar evaluation and irrigation management. The commission also funds projects

for promotion of Georgia vegetables in various markets.

Eligible vegetable growers have 50 or more acres in total annual production of the following crops: beans, bell pepper, specialty pepper, broccoli, beets, cabbage, cantaloupe, carrots, cucumbers, eggplant, greens (including collards, turnip greens, mustard and kale), squash (including yellow, zucchini and winter squash), sweet potato and tomato.

Growers should receive a ballot in the mail. Growers who do not should contact the Georgia Department of Agriculture in Atlanta at 404.586.1405.

All ballots must be postmarked prior to midnight March 2 to be counted.

## Perdue unveils Farmers.gov, an interactive website for agricultural producers

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich. – U. S. Secretary of Agriculture Sonny Perdue unveiled Farmers.gov at a breakfast hosted by the Michigan Farm Bureau Feb. 1. The new interactive one-stop website for producers is maintained by the U.S. Department of Agriculture.

Farmers.gov is now live but will have multiple features added over the coming months to allow agricultural producers to make appointments with USDA offices, file forms, and apply for USDA programs. The website gathers together the three agencies that comprise USDA's Farm Production and Conservation mission area: the Farm Service Agency, the Natural Resources Conservation Service and the Risk Management Agency.

“Many farmers are out in their fields using equipment that is connected to satellite and GPS technology, yet when they need to interact with USDA, they have to stop, fill out a paper form, and fax it or carry it to their local office. That is a real digital divide,” Perdue said.



“Our staff is friendly and they love to see farmers in person, but they know that time is valuable. Producers are working hard to make their farms profitable, so these tools will help

most efficient, most customer-focused department in the entire federal government, and Farmers.gov is a big step in that direction.”

get the paperwork done without taking a big chunk out of the day to fill out forms.”

Farmers.gov is mobile device-friendly and can identify for farmers the most convenient USDA office locations. New functions will be added soon, including an interactive calendar, farming success stories, an online appointment feature, digital forms and a business data dashboard. Additionally, when the 2018 Farm Bill is signed into law, there will be plain language program descriptions and a tool to determine eligibility.

“As I've traveled to 32 states in my first nine months as secretary of agriculture, I have consistently heard people express a desire for greater use of technology in the way we deliver programs at USDA,” Perdue said. “It's my goal to make USDA the most effective,

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**LIVESTOCK QUOTATIONS**  
Average prices for January 2018 Auction Market at Georgia Auction Markets, Georgia Department of Agriculture and U.S.D.A. Cooperative Federal-State Livestock Market News and Grading Service. For daily quotations, call (229) 226-1641 (7:30 a.m. - 4:30 p.m.)

(Cattle prices expressed in price/hundredweight)

**SLAUGHTER CLASSES/AVERAGES**

**COWS:**

Breakers 75-80% lean	55.18
Boners 80-85% Lean	57.21
Lean 85-90% Lean	50.58

**BULLS:**

Yield Grade 1	
1000-1500 lbs	78.87
1500-2100 lbs	79.74

**FEEDER CLASSES:**

**WEIGHTED AVG PRICES**

**STEERS: MEDIUM AND LARGE**

	1	2
300-350 lbs	182.00	172.09
350-400 lbs	180.05	168.67
400-450 lbs	169.91	159.78
450-500 lbs	161.89	152.37
500-550 lbs	156.47	144.52
550-600 lbs	151.08	141.46
600-650 lbs	143.51	131.89
650-700 lbs	137.03	129.98

**HEIFERS: MEDIUM AND LARGE**

	1	2
300-350 lbs	154.40	143.82
350-400 lbs	149.99	139.38
400-450 lbs	143.24	132.32
450-500 lbs	137.38	128.62
500-550 lbs	133.73	123.89
550-600 lbs	129.91	119.35
600-650 lbs	125.05	115.15
650-700 lbs	121.29	111.97

**BULLS: MEDIUM AND LARGE**

	1	2
300-350 lbs	177.39	165.68
350-400 lbs	173.21	160.55
400-450 lbs	165.61	152.72
450-500 lbs	156.14	144.53
500-550 lbs	146.56	136.04
550-600 lbs	138.44	130.12
600-650 lbs	132.40	122.23
650-700 lbs	127.54	118.12

**GOATS (priced per head)**

**SLAUGHTER CLASSES SELECTION 2**

**BILLIES/BUCKS**

75-100 lbs	145.31
100-150 lbs	177.19
150-300 lbs	210.00

**NANNIES/DOES**

60-80 lbs	98.44
80-100 lbs	146.25
100-150 lbs	162.92

**KIDS & YEARLINGS**

20-40 lbs	68.33
40-60 lbs	90.75
60-80 lbs	135.00

Producers can obtain daily cattle prices by Internet at the following website: <http://www.ams.usda.gov>

Once at the site, select Market News and Transportation Data in the left column. Click on Livestock, Meats, Grain and Hay under the heading Market News Reports by Program. Next, click on Cattle under the heading Browse by Commodity. Then click on Feeder and Replacement Cattle Auctions and select Georgia.

# Several state commissioners of agriculture meet with Cabinet officials to discuss rural development issues

Georgia Agriculture Commissioner Gary W. Black joined other members of the National Association of State Departments of Agriculture at the White House Jan. 30 for the White House Conference on Rural Prosperity. Vice President Mike Pence, U.S. Secretary of Agriculture Sonny Perdue, U.S. Secretary of the Interior Ryan Zinke, U.S. Food and Drug Administration Commissioner Scott Gottlieb, M.D., and other administration officials addressed the important opportunities for the federal government and states to work together to advance rural America.

During the conference, Perdue and Gottlieb signed a formal agreement to bolster coordination and collaboration between the two agencies on a number of issues, including implementation of the Food Safety Modernization Act and the Coordinated Framework for Biotechnology.

“Today, Commissioner Gottlieb and I signed a formal agreement to promote coordination and the streamlining of capacities and obligations on shared concerns and jurisdiction,” Perdue said. “Congress passed the Food Safety Modernization Act and assigned responsibilities to the USDA and the FDA. The USDA has the knowledge and expertise to support the FDA’s work related to farming. We at the USDA have a motto: Do Right, and Feed Everyone. We believe this joint effort will help us move one step closer to that goal.”

Commissioner Black has long endorsed the importance of cooperative state-federal partnerships in advancing agriculture, and hosted Gottlieb last August on a tour of several South Georgia farms to further discuss FSMA implementation.

“Thanks to the commitment by USDA and FDA, food safety cooperation is at an all-time high,” Black said. “We are confident that the enhanced collaboration between the two agencies will result in common sense implementation of FSMA.”

NASDA members gathered in Washington, D.C., for one of two annual meetings where the policy positions and priorities for the association are determined. During the opening plenary session, members passed a number of action items for 2018, including:

- Calling on Congress to pass a unified, fully-funded Farm Bill before authorization expires on Sept. 30.
- Urging Congress and the Administration to invest in broadband infrastructure and expand broadband service.



USDA Photo  
U.S. Agriculture Secretary Sonny Perdue, right, and FDA Commissioner Scott Gottlieb sign a formal agreement to bolster coordination and collaboration between FDA and USDA while Connecticut Commissioner of Agriculture Steve Reviczky, New Mexico Secretary of Agriculture Jeff Witte, Georgia Commissioner of Agriculture Gary Black, Iowa Secretary of Agriculture Bill Northey, and other state and local leaders look on.

- Calling for meaningful investments in any infrastructure package developed by Congress and the Administration.
- Requesting the U.S. Department of Labor to expand work-based training to include apprenticeships and microcredentials.

NASDA represents the elected and appointed commissioners, secretaries and directors of the departments of agriculture in all 50 states and four U.S. territories. NASDA grows and enhances agriculture by forging partnerships and creating consensus to achieve sound policy outcomes between state departments of agriculture, the federal government, and stakeholders.

## DICAMBA: Classes listed in calendar on Page 10

*Continued From Page 1*

requirements of the label changes instated by the herbicide companies. The dates and times for the “Using Pesticides Wisely” classroom trainings can be found in the Calendar of Events on page 10.

Manufacturing companies have vowed that the amended labels will be hitting the shelves in time for the upcoming growing season. EPA will continue to monitor the success of this regulatory approach and will reassess the continuance of dicamba use beyond 2018.

## AUXIN TRAINING

*Continued From Page 1*

encouraged and beneficial; however, they will not fulfill state requirements.

- Each label requires certified applicators to document application information. Forms have been designed to help with this and can be found at your local UGA Extension office or at <http://www.agr.georgia.gov/24c.aspx>.

### Enlist Duo or Enlist One

- All persons in charge of in-season applications of Enlist Duo or Enlist One in Enlist cotton or soybeans must have attended the “Using Pesticides Wisely” classroom training.

### “Using Pesticides Wisely” Trainings

- Classroom: For those planning to attend a “Using Pesticides Wisely” classroom training, select a time/location and RSVP at least two days in advance to the specific location for attendance. The required trainings will cover a 2 to 2.5 hour time period and will provide pesticide credit. Snacks and drinks will be provided (no meal). To confirm attendance in previous years, visit the website at <http://www.agr.georgia.gov/24c.aspx>
- One-on-one training to improve on-target pesticide applications: UGA Extension will train applicators (individuals who physically drive machinery and operate sprayers when applying Engenia, FeXapan, or XtendiMax).

## Georgia Department of Agriculture announces Specialty Crop Block Grant Program for 2018

The Georgia Department of Agriculture has begun the competitive solicitation process to award the 2018 Specialty Crop Block Grant. The Specialty Crop Block Grant Program funds projects that “enhance the competitiveness of specialty crops.”

Specialty crops are defined as: fruits, vegetables, tree nuts, dried fruits, horticulture, Christmas trees, turfgrass/sod, nursery and greenhouse crops, including floriculture. Please see the specific listing of all eligible crops at [www.ams.usda.gov/AMSV1.0/scbgp](http://www.ams.usda.gov/AMSV1.0/scbgp).

The U.S. Department of Agriculture’s Agricultural Marketing Service is expected to make grant funding available, with Georgia’s share anticipated to be approximately \$1.2 million this year. Award funding requests require a minimum ask of \$20,000 and a maximum of \$175,000. Recipients have up to three years to complete the requirements of the grant.

“The goal of this grant program is to help fund projects that can produce the highest degree of measurable benefits to Georgia’s specialty crop producers in relation to each dollar spent,” said Georgia Agriculture Commissioner Gary W. Black. “We encourage organizations such as IRS-designated non-profits, commodity commissions, associations, state and local government entities and colleges and universities to consider applying.”

USDA-AMS rules state that grant funds will not be awarded for projects that solely benefit a particular commercial product or provide a profit to a single organization, institution or individual. Single organizations, governments and institutions are encouraged to participate as project partners with other eligible entities.

“As we did last year, we will first take concept proposals for review. By late February, the top 20 strongest and most impactful concept proposals will be invited to submit a full application. Once finalized, each application will be carefully reviewed and evaluated by an independent review committee sometime in April or May,” said Jen Erdmann, coordinator of the Specialty Crop Block Grant for the GDA.

“Then, all department-approved projects will be combined and written as one grant submission to the USDA/AMS. Upon approval from USDA, we will notify applicants of their status, which we expect to be in late September 2018.”

Please refer to the links available on the GDA grants webpage located at [www.agr.georgia.gov/grants.aspx](http://www.agr.georgia.gov/grants.aspx) for the official Request for Applications and the Concept Proposal/pre-application form and additional information. For additional questions please contact Jen Erdmann at [Jen.Erdmann@agr.georgia.gov](mailto:Jen.Erdmann@agr.georgia.gov).











# Hurricane Irma was a blessing in disguise for Georgia cotton farmers besieged by whiteflies

By Amy Carter  
amy.carter@agr.georgia.gov

As ugly as Hurricane Irma was to Georgia's cotton farmers, she ended up being the lesser of two evils facing them as harvest loomed last fall.

"Irma did a lot of bad things to cotton in the state of Georgia. Everybody will agree with that," said Phillip Roberts, extension entomologist for the University of Georgia's College of Agricultural and Environmental Sciences in Tifton. "For one minute, let's just think about whiteflies. What happened to whiteflies after the hurricane? What would have happened if we'd had to fight whiteflies in October?"

Growers attending a presentation on the silverleaf whitefly at the Georgia Cotton Commission's annual meeting in Tifton Jan. 31 didn't have to think long to come up with answers.

"We would have had a lot more cotton that couldn't have been marketed," said one.

"We would've lost a lot more than 15-to-20 percent yield," said another.

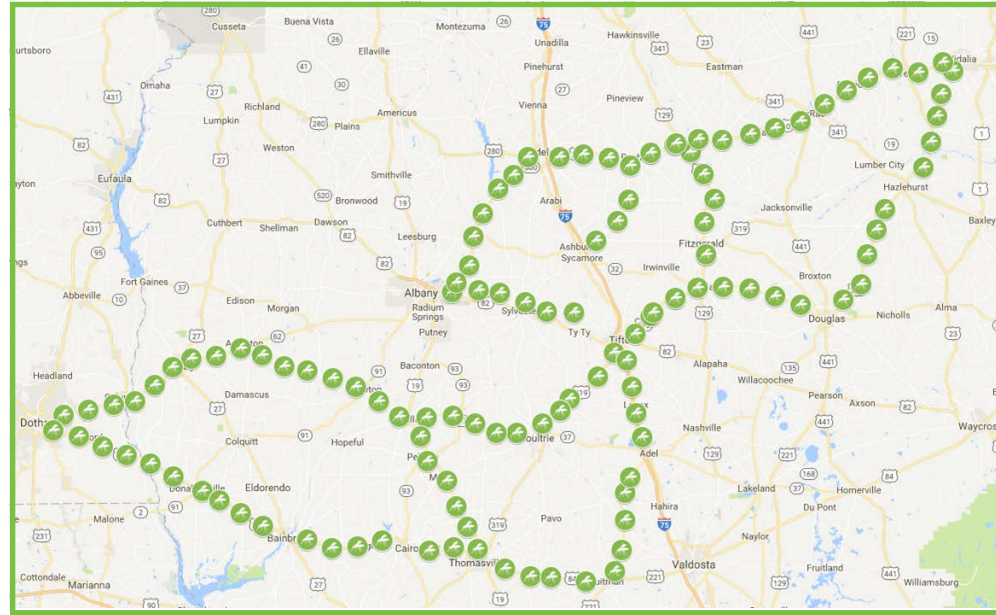
According to conservative estimates, Irma dealt a \$100 million blow to Georgia's cotton growers, but she ended up being a blessing in disguise after a more perfect storm of conditions favorable to proliferation of whiteflies set up cotton and vegetable growers for disaster last spring.

Historically, white flies are only a problem for growers in Tift, Colquitt and Berrien counties, and then only in the late summer. However, by Sept. 4 last year, days before Irma struck, fields along a swath from the Florida and Alabama lines across to South Carolina were being treated for white flies.

"Typically if we're going to have a problem with white flies we'll see a few white flies in July," said Michael Toews, professor of entomology at UGA.

But in 2017, the first report of a white fly infestation came May 29 from an extension agent in Tift County.

Then, during the second week of June, an agent reported whiteflies in Screven County 170 miles east on the Georgia-South Carolina



Map courtesy Michael Toews, Ph.D., UGA CAES

**Michael Toews, professor of entomology at the University of Georgia's College of Agricultural and Environmental Sciences in Tifton, is monitoring the presence of silverleaf whiteflies in South Georgia. Toews has placed 125 traps between Vidalia and Dothan, Ala., and drives an 800-mile circuit weekly correlating the presence of whiteflies with nearby crops.**

line. When agents in Echols and Grady counties reported sightings the last week of June, "we knew we were setting ourselves up for a situation like we've never seen," Toews said.

Roberts said whiteflies damage cotton in two ways.

First, they damage the plant itself by feeding on the plant's sap, which reduces the vigor of the plant and, if left unchecked, leads to premature defoliation.

Worse still, Roberts said, whiteflies excrete honeydew that accumulates on the lint and makes it sticky. That stickiness is invisible to everyone but the mills that spin it.

"Potentially this stickiness can start accumulating on machinery in mills," he said. "If it gets bad enough, they have to shut the mill down and clean it up, which could take one or two days."

As it turns out, whitefly populations are highest in subtropical regions of the world – like South Georgia – where vegetable crops and cot-

ton are grown in close proximity. Populations are harder to control in Georgia, Toews said, due to what he called "the green bridge," which refers to the year-round presence of host crops preferred by whiteflies.

"The bottom line is, we're providing a crop that's a great host every month of the year," he said.

He encouraged growers to clean residues out of fields immediately after harvest to prevent regrowth.

Jason Schmidt, assistant professor of entomology at UGA in Tifton, also said the use of cover crops and the introduction of landscape design elements in fields will encourage beneficial insects such as spiders, beetles and ants that will help with pest control.

"Maintaining healthy populations of natural enemies in the environment is definitely important to maintaining predation on would-be pests," he said.

# State legislators have rural Georgia on their minds

By Amy Carter  
amy.carter@agr.georgia.gov

Rural Georgia was the talk of the Georgia Agribusiness Council's annual legislative breakfast in Atlanta Feb. 7 because it is the talk of the 2018 legislative session. Coinciding with a rural prosperity initiative rolling out of Washington, D.C., Georgia's own Rural Development Council started canvassing the state after last year's session to hear the issues important to residents outside of Metro Atlanta.

"We are heavily engaged in looking at rural Georgia – what will keep it alive, what will help it survive – and you're going to see some legislation this year that came out of the Rural Development Council and you'll probably see some more next year after we have some more

meetings," said Rep. Tom McCall, R-Elberton, who serves as an ex-officio member of the council.

"We have met from Waycross to Dalton, from Bainbridge to Toccoa, and everywhere in between, except Metro Atlanta. We have met in rural Georgia to hear what rural Georgians need us to do to help rural Georgia."

House Speaker David Ralston, R-Blue Ridge, appointed the Rural Development Council last year when rural legislators including McCall and Council Co-chairs Terry England, R-Auburn, and Jay Powell, R-Camilla, proposed a legislative agenda to address problems of rural broadband, quality healthcare and education.

"The part of Georgia's economy that is truly the engine that drives this state is the \$75 billion a year from agribusiness," Ralston said. "It is still the number one component of our strong economy here in Georgia."

However, not every community has shared equally in Georgia's success, Ralston said.



Amy Carter/GDA

Speaker of the Georgia House of Representatives David Ralston



Amy Carter/GDA

Rep. Tom McCall, Sen. John Wilkinson and Agriculture Commissioner Gary Black

## READY SET READ

Thursday, March 22

Celebrate Georgia Ag Literacy Day March 22 by reading one of these books to your children, grandchildren or to students in a local classroom.

**On AgFoundation.org**

- The Tree Farmer*  
By Chuck Leavell
- Pumpkin Jack*  
By Will Hubbell
- Farmer George Plants a Nation*  
By Peggy Thomas
- PB & J Hooray!*  
By Janet Nolan
- Who Grew My Soup?*  
By Tom Darbyshire

**On AgClassroom.org**

- Three Sisters Garden*  
By Sandy Baker
- Chicks & Chickens*  
By Gail Gibbons
- Pick, Pull, Snap! Where Once a Flower Bloomed*  
By Lola Schaefer
- Hi, I'm Billy Blueberry: This is My Story*  
By Brandon Wade
- First Peas to the Table*  
By Susan Grigsby
- Thomas Jefferson Grows a Nation*  
By Peggy Thomas

**Other online sites**

- Oh Say Can You Seed?*  
By Bonnie Worth
- The Apple Orchard Riddle*  
By Margaret McNamara & G. Brian Karas
- A Fruit is a Suitcase for Seeds*  
By Jean Richards
- Extra Cheese, Please! Mozzarella's Journey from Cow to Pizza*  
By Cris Peterson
- Milk: From Cow to Carton*  
By Alik
- The Cow in Patrick O'Shanahan's Kitchen*  
By Diana Prichard

Erin Burnett/GDA

### Notice

**Ads for the March 14 issue – including Farmland for Sale, Farm Services and Handicrafts – are due by noon, Feb. 28.**